**El imperative familiar – tú**

Unlike the *Ud., Uds.* commands, there IS a difference in the affirm. and neg. *tú* command.

**The negative *tú* command follows the same rules as the *Ud., Uds.* commands. The endings are:** AR verbs add ES No hables – Don´t talk!

ER, IR verbs add AS No comas – Don´t eat!

No salgas – Don´t leave!

Write the negative *tú* commands for the following (remember the *Ud., Uds.* commands*)*

Ir No

Ser No

Estar No

Dar No

Saber No

**The affirmative t*ú* command is the same as the *él, ella, Ud.* form of the verb in the present tense.** Hablar – Habla

Comer – Come

Escribir – Escribe

**If there is a stem change in the present tense *él, ella, Ud.* form it will remain in the *tú* command** Dormir – Duerme

Volver – Vuelve

Write the t*ú* affirmative command for the following verbs:

Bailar

Beber

Vivir

Perder

Pedir

**The verbs *saber, estar* and *dar*, although irregular in the *Ud., Uds.,* and *tú* negative commands are not irregular in the *tú* affirmative command.**

Saber – Sabe

Estar – Está

Dar – Da

**The following verbs ARE irregular in the affirmative *tú* command:**

Decir - Di

Ser – Sé

Hacer – Haz

Venir – Ven

Ir – Ve

Salir – Sal

Tener – Ten

Poner – Pon

**Los pronombres con el imperativo**

**The object pronouns and reflexive pronouns are always attached to the affirmative command.**

Levantarse

Levántese Ud. Levántense Uds. Levántate tú

Lavarse

Despertarse

Escribirla

Escríbala Ud. Escríbanla Uds. Escríbela tú

Decirme

Traerlos

**The pronouns precede (come before) the negative commands:**

Levantarse

No se levante Ud. No se levanten Uds. No te levantes tú

Lavarse

Despertarse

Escribirla

No la escriba Ud. No la escriban Uds. No la escribas tú

Decirme

Traerlos