Affirmative tú commands Nombre\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**El imperativo (los mandatos)**

You can only give a command to the person or persons with whom you are talking (The second person). Therefore, commands are only conjugated in the *tú, Usted, Ustedes and vosotros*  forms.

An **affirmative command** is when you tell someone to do something. A **negative command** is when you tell someone NOT to do something.

**Right now we are only going to study the TÚ AFFIRMATIVE commands,** this is used when you tell a friend, family member or young person to DO SOMETHING!

To form a **tú affirmative command** you simply use the same present-tense form of *él, ella, Ud.*

hablar ¡Habla! Talk!

Leer ¡Lee! Read!

escribir ¡Escribe! Write!

**Some verbs like *poner* and *hacer* have irregular commands:**

Poner ¡**Pon** la mesa! Set the table!

Hacer ¡**Haz** la cama! Make the bed!